

F-6-17  
Inglewood  
Emmitsburg  
Private

1880

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Numerous original outbuildings remain on the grounds of Inglewood. These buildings include a frame stable and wagon barn, one story frame wagon shed and corncrib. The corncrib with its funnel shape and decorative vertical siding is an unusual type for Frederick County.

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## INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

**1 NAME**

HISTORIC Inglewood

AND/OR COMMON

Ernest Legarde House

**2 LOCATION**

STREET &amp; NUMBER

W/S Old Route 806

CITY, TOWN

Emmitsburg

VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Frederick

**3 CLASSIFICATION**

## CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT☒ BUILDING(S)☐ STRUCTURE☐ SITE☐ OBJECT

## OWNERSHIP

☐ PUBLIC☒ PRIVATE☐ BOTH

## PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS☐ BEING CONSIDERED

## STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED☐ UNOCCUPIED☐ WORK IN PROGRESS

## ACCESSIBLE

☒ YES: RESTRICTED☐ YES: UNRESTRICTED☐ NO

## PRESENT USE

☐ AGRICULTURE☐ COMMERCIAL☐ EDUCATIONAL☐ ENTERTAINMENT☐ GOVERNMENT☐ INDUSTRIAL☐ MILITARY☐ MUSEUM☐ PARK☒ PRIVATE RESIDENCE☐ RELIGIOUS☐ SCIENTIFIC☐ TRANSPORTATION☐ OTHER:**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME Donald Hayworth

Telephone #: 301-447-6143 renter  
202-484-0995 Owner

STREET &amp; NUMBER

1311 Delaware Avenue, SW.

CITY, TOWN

Washington

VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

D. C. 20024

**5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION**COURTHOUSE,  
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Frederick County Courthouse

Liber #: 623

Folio #: 239

STREET &amp; NUMBER

North Court St.

CITY, TOWN

Frederick

STATE

Maryland

**6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS**

TITLE

DATE

☐ FEDERAL ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR  
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

**7 DESCRIPTION**

F-6-17

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		DATE _____

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**DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE**

Inglewood is a two and one-half story ell shaped stucco over stone residence which faces east from the west side of Route 806 near Emmitsburg.

The principal facade is three bays wide. The main entrance, twin two panel doors with upper arched panels, three light transom, and original hardware is located in the second bay. The doorway is enclosed in a frame paneled entrance porch which extends on to the one story veranda of the house.

Twin 1/1 jib windows with architraved hoods flanked by louvered shutters are located directly over the main entrance in the second bay on the second level. Located in the remaining bays on the first level are 2/2 jib windows with louvered shutters and arched architrave molded hoods. Located in the remaining bays on the second level are 2/2 windows with flat architrave molded hoods supported by small brackets and flanked by louvered shutters. Two small 2/2 arched windows are located in the front gable.

A decorative one story frame porch extends across the front, east and south sides of the building. The porch is supported by beveled square boxed columns and is enclosed by a frame sawnwork railing. The top of the porch has been altered to accommodate a modern sun porch with plain wood railing. Eight steps rise to the porch and are flanked on either side by decorative paneled wood boxes.

The main block of the building is two bays deep; an original two story rear addition extends two bays deep from the northwest corner of the building. Each bay is occupied by 2/2 windows with flat architrave molded hoods. A one story frame gable roofed addition was added to the rear addition by the current owners.

The entire residence is constructed on a low random stone foundation. Small 2/2 windows with wood lintels are set into the foundation directly beneath the upper window bays.

The building is covered by a replaced asphalt gently sloping cross gable roof with boxed cornice, return, and supporting scrolled brackets. Two single interior corbeled brick chimneys which have been rebuilt rise from the main block of the building on the north and south gable ends. A tin roof covers the porch on the south side of the building and the one story addition to the rear of the residence.

Numerous original outbuildings remain on the grounds of Inglewood. These buildings include a frame stable and wagon barn, one story frame wagon shed and corncrib. The corncrib with its funnel shape and decorative vertical siding is an unusual type for Frederick County. Two additional buildings, a cinder block chicken house and frame storage shed were added later.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES      1880      BUILDER/ARCHITECT      Ernest Legarde

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Inglewood was built in 1880 by Professor Ernest Legarde, instructor of Modern Languages and English Literature at Mount Saint Mary's College from 1869-1914.

The vernacular stuccoed stone building with a sawnwork porch, scrolled brackets and enclosed paneled entrance is a finer example of Victorian architecture than most found in the Emmitsburg vicinity.

The property, a thirteen acre parcel was purchased on August 31, 1880 by Ernest and Leona Legarde from Mathew and Mary Moran. Legarde built Inglewood and occupied it until his death in 1914.

As a professor at Mount Saint Mary's College, Legarde organized students to publish the first school's newspaper which was typed and set in the library room of the house.

Other accomplishments of the professor are accounted in the Daily Picayune newspaper of the college dated February 12, 1911.

"Some of Prof. Lagarde's work outside of his duties as professor was a translation of an historical novel from the French of M. Quinton, "The Nobleman of '89". He also published his French "Verb-Book" in 1873 and his lectures on Shakespeare, Boston, 1887. He was elected a member of the Phonetic and Philological Association of the United States during the centennial of the United States Government in 1876 and later made a member of the Modern Language Association of America. Prof. Lagarde lectured before the Catholic Summer School on its organization in 1892 in New London, Conn., and he delivered a series of lectures on Dante, on Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Gray and Shelley before the Maryland Catholic Summer School during the four years of its existence. In 1897, St. Francis Xavier's College of New York conferred on him the degree of LL.D."

After 1914, Inglewood was rented to George and Blanch Wilhide and Dr. Martin, a Baltimore physician who used it as a summer home.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

**9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES**

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

**10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY \_\_\_\_\_

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

**11 FORM PREPARED BY**

NAME / TITLE

clh

Cherilyn E. Widell, Coordinator

ORGANIZATION

Frederick County Office of Historic Preservation

DATE

5/15/80

STREET &amp; NUMBER

Winchester Hall, 12 E. Church St.

TELEPHONE

694-1063

CITY OR TOWN

Frederick

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust  
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401  
(301) 267-1438

## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

## Inglewood

On July 31, 1920 the house was sold at public auction for \$4,050.00 and purchased by a catholic priest, Rev. John H. Eckenrode and his four sisters who used it as a boarding house during the thirties.

In 1939 the house was purchased by Leona C. Mercer who owned it until 1955 when it was sold to Kenneth P. and Margaret Anders.

In 1959 Mr. and Mrs Floyd Lewis purchased the property and sold it to the current owners in 1977.

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THE FIRST FLOOR

Originally the present kitchen was a porch, with no heat, and was used as a summer kitchen. The room between the dining room and the present kitchen was the "winter kitchen". The closet in the kitchen is designed for two uses: storage of outdoor wraps and cleaning equipment. The rod for coat hangers leaves space for brooms and the hanging of such items as a dust pan and dust cloths. It is also possible to use for this purpose the closet near the picture window. No clothes hooks have been installed in any closet throughout the house. Instead, brass hooks have been purchased for the closet in the master bedroom, and antique black iron hooks for closets in the other rooms, to be used at the discretion of the owner. (Purchased at Weaver Hardware in Georgetown, Washington, D. C.)

The back stairway going from the basement to the third floor was for the servants.

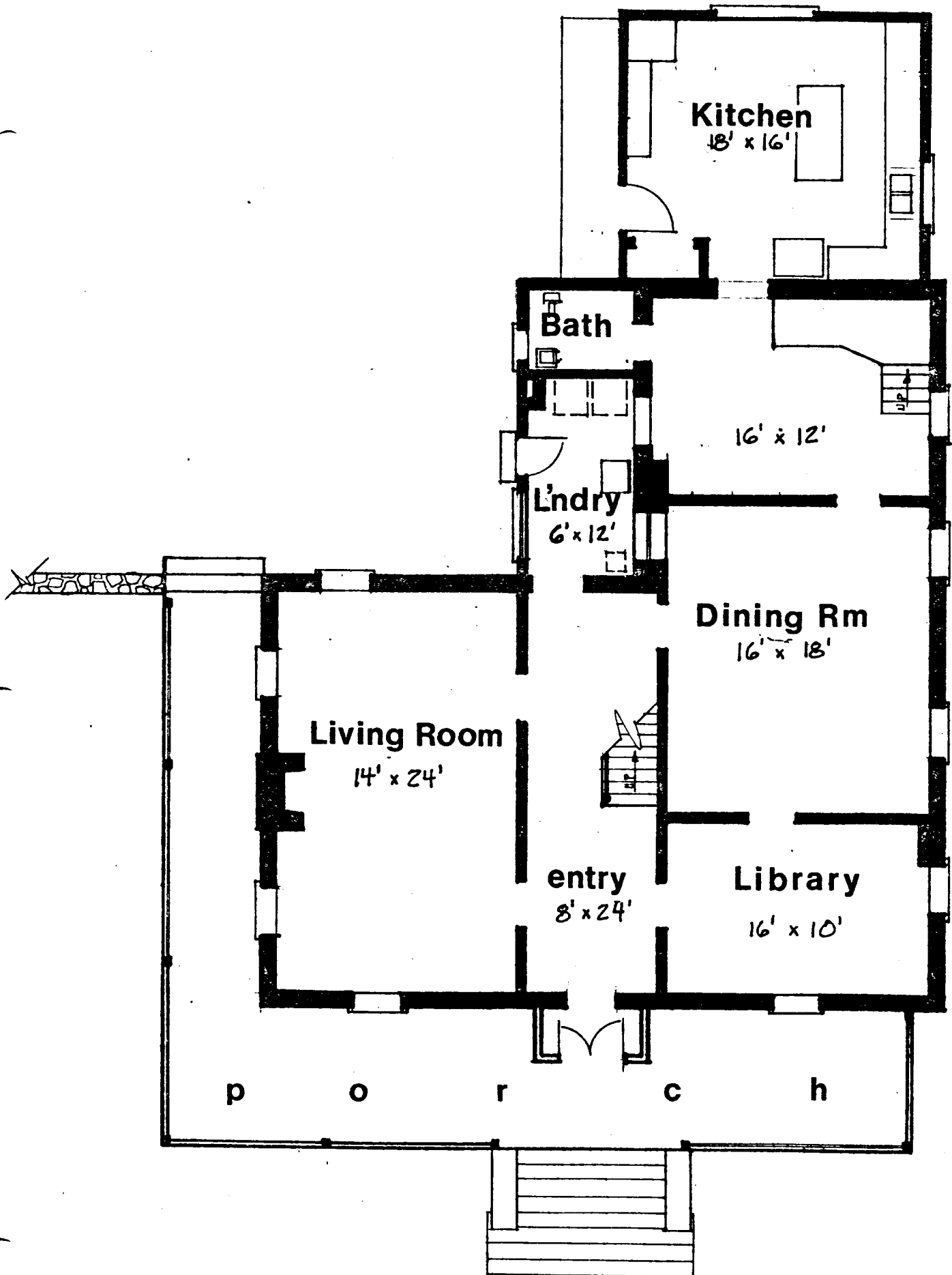
What I've designated as the library could be used as well for a music room. It was Professor Legarde's study. In this room he and his students not only planned the first newspaper published by Mount Saint Mary's student body, but here it was actually set up in type and printed. After a year and a half it suspended publication, but not long after was re-established and continues to the present.

WATER FOR INGLEWOOD

The Legardes originally piped their water from a cistern still existent on Inglewood property, probably fed by hydraulic ram in the stream. Later the Eckenrodes built a new cistern, now on the Portner property located a few rods upstream from the northern border of Inglewood. This was supplied by the creek -- the inlet protected by a pile of stones in the center of the stream just a few feet below the bridge. From this cistern, which is considerably higher than the second floor of the house, an underground pipe led to the house with a branch stopping at the hired man's cabin and the horse watering trough. It would still be possible to use this, and send water up to the watering trough. Originally the creek was a pure mountain stream. To this day it is exceptionally clean. The water rights are still legally valid.

Before 1959 a well was drilled as indicated on the map of the grounds. A five-inch pipe which passes through the basement wall encases two 1-inch iron pipes through which water is drawn from the well by the pump in the basement. Twenty feet from the outside basement wall, this five-inch pipe entered a larger pipe so loosely that when the ground water level reached it, water flowed freely through the five-inch pipe into the basement. When it occurred early in 1978 (Mr. and Mrs. Lewis reported no such experience prior to this time), that area was excavated, and after a large amount of tar was poured at this junction of the pipes, a huge amount of concrete was poured around them. Later when the window well was put in, a workman with a pickaxe accidentally broke both the outside five-inch pipe and one of the pipes used in pumping. Around this breakage was poured a seven-inch casing of concrete, the ends of which were tarred over. Surely no water will enter the basement from this large pipe.





FIRST FLOOR

Scale: 1" = 8'-0"

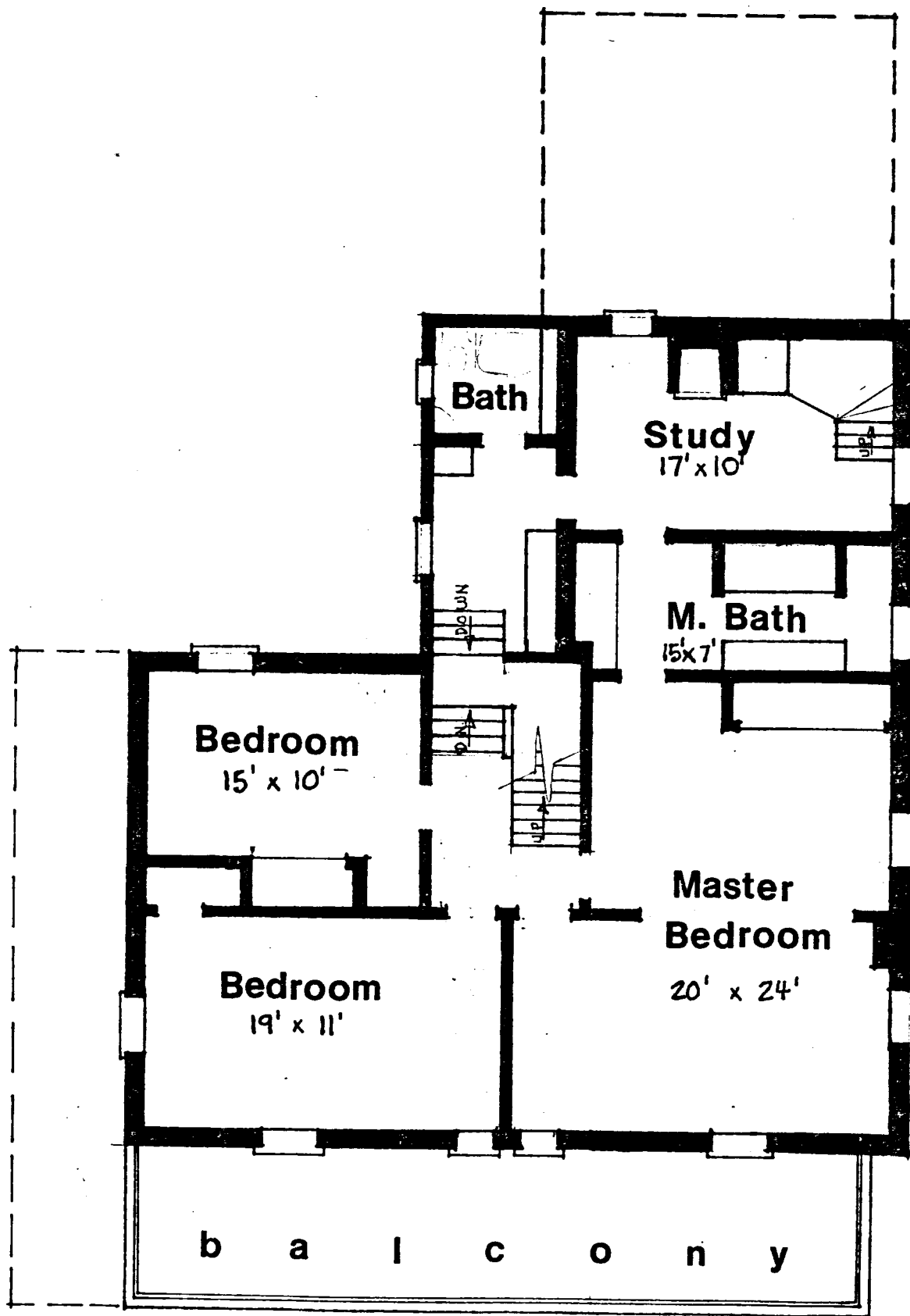
F-6-17

THE SECOND FLOOR

In respect to tradition and because convenience so demanded, I left the bathroom as I found it. But to make morning toiletries less complicated for a mixed family of boys and girls, I installed an additional lavatory in the hall and added shelving space for linens.

The so-called study could well serve as a sewing room.

The master bedroom was previously two small rooms, the master bathroom was still another small room.

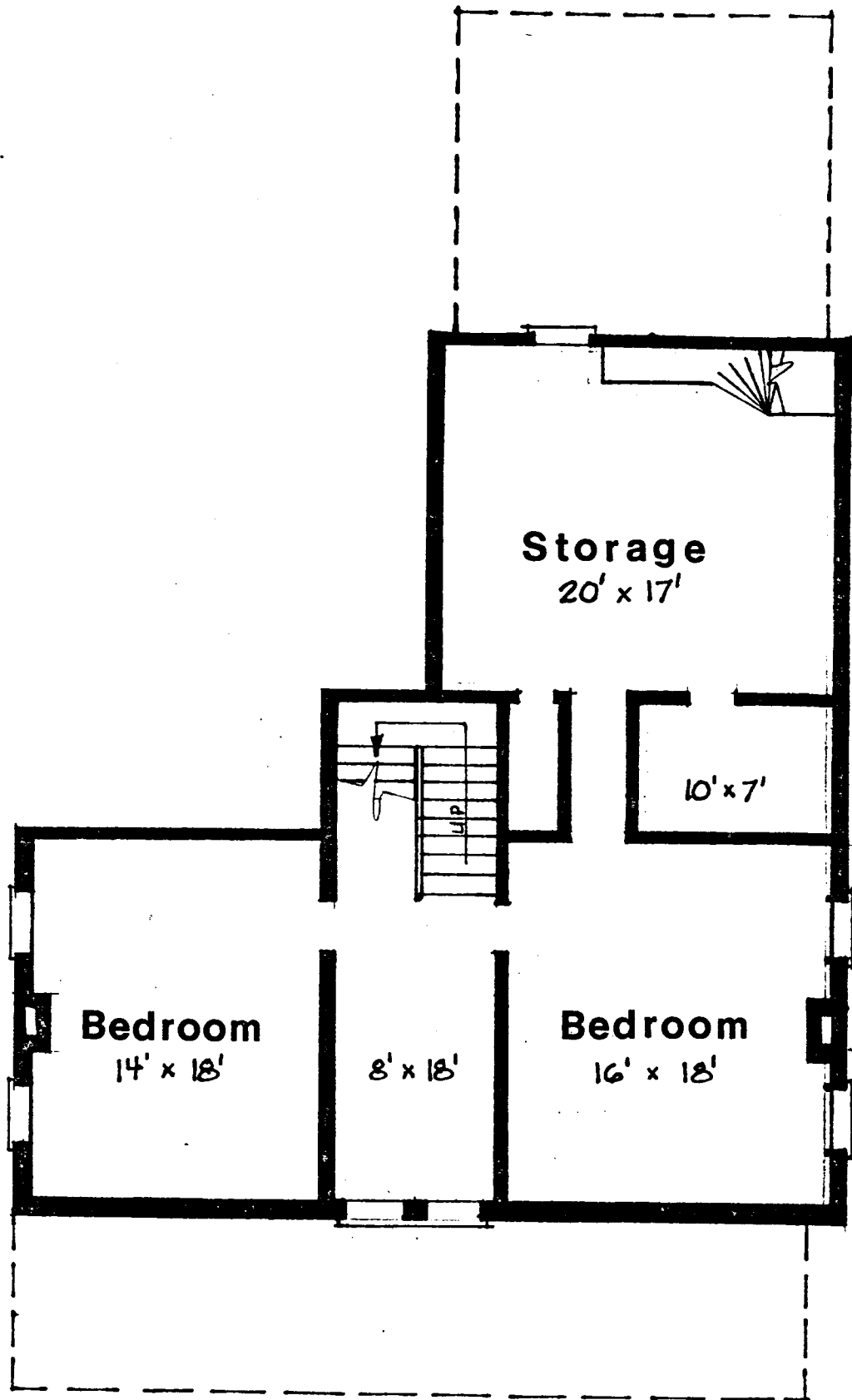


**SECOND FLOOR**

F-6-17

THE THIRD FLOOR

The storage room was left with the original flooring, which will be of interest to lovers of old homes. When I bought Inglewood the two bedrooms on this floor had comparable flooring, although of better quality. It still lies under the linoleum. Some might want to go back to the "honest", wide boards of former years.



THIRD FLOOR

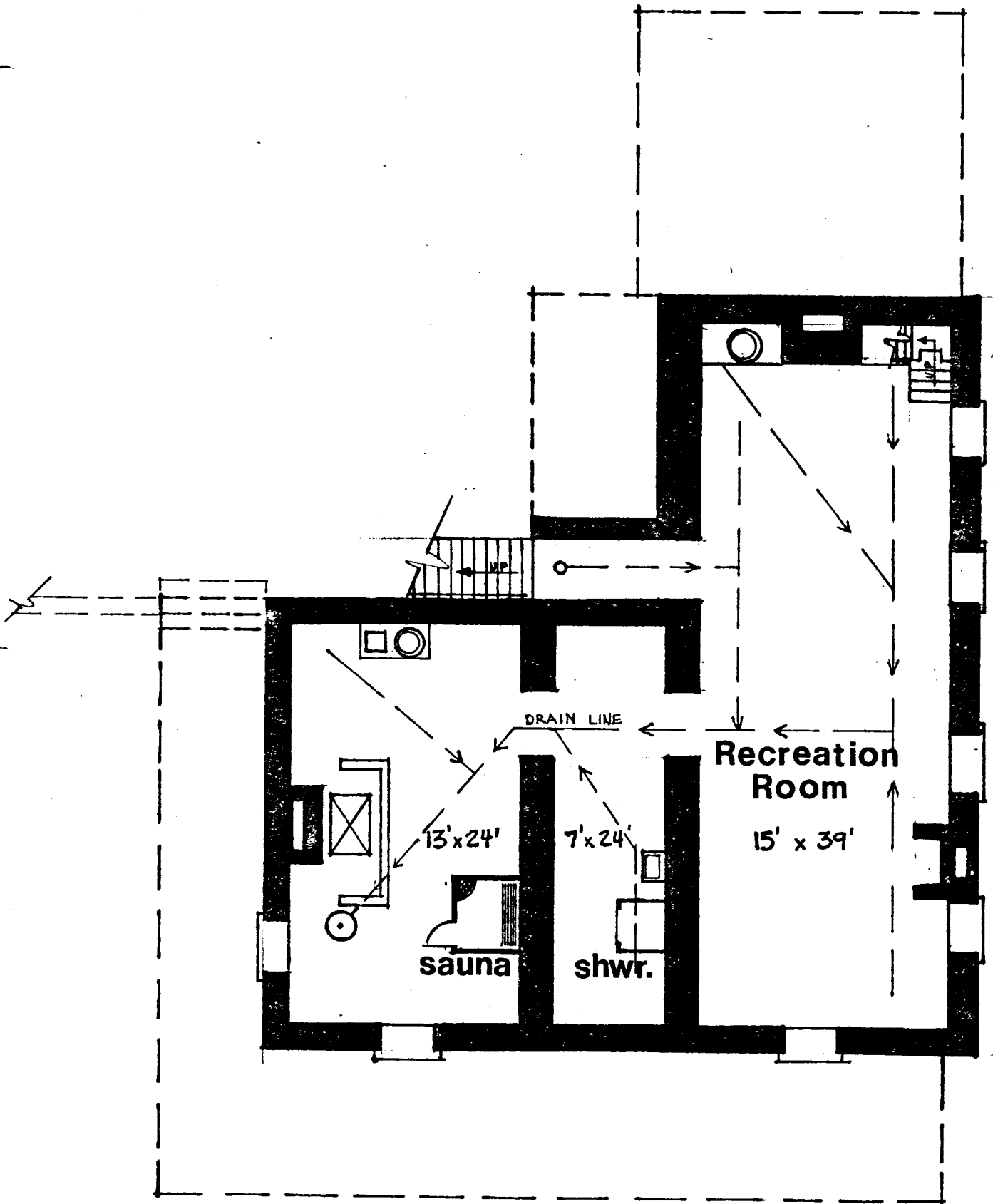
F-6-17

THE BASEMENT

The floor plan of the basement shows the plan of the drain field. It consists chiefly of 3-inch perforated PVC pipe, with a few field tile feeders. There is a fall of four inches from the far end of the basement to the sump pump. Completely independent of this is a 2-inch drain pipe from the shower and tub. When this pipe reaches the 3-inch PVC drain, it continues parallel to it and extends past the sump pump and empties into an old drain below the basement floor through the wall of the house and to some distance beyond the house. This would be about four feet below the surface of the ground outside the house. It may possibly lead to the septic tank. However, if the old drain becomes clogged, the discharge from the shower and tub would back up into the sump.

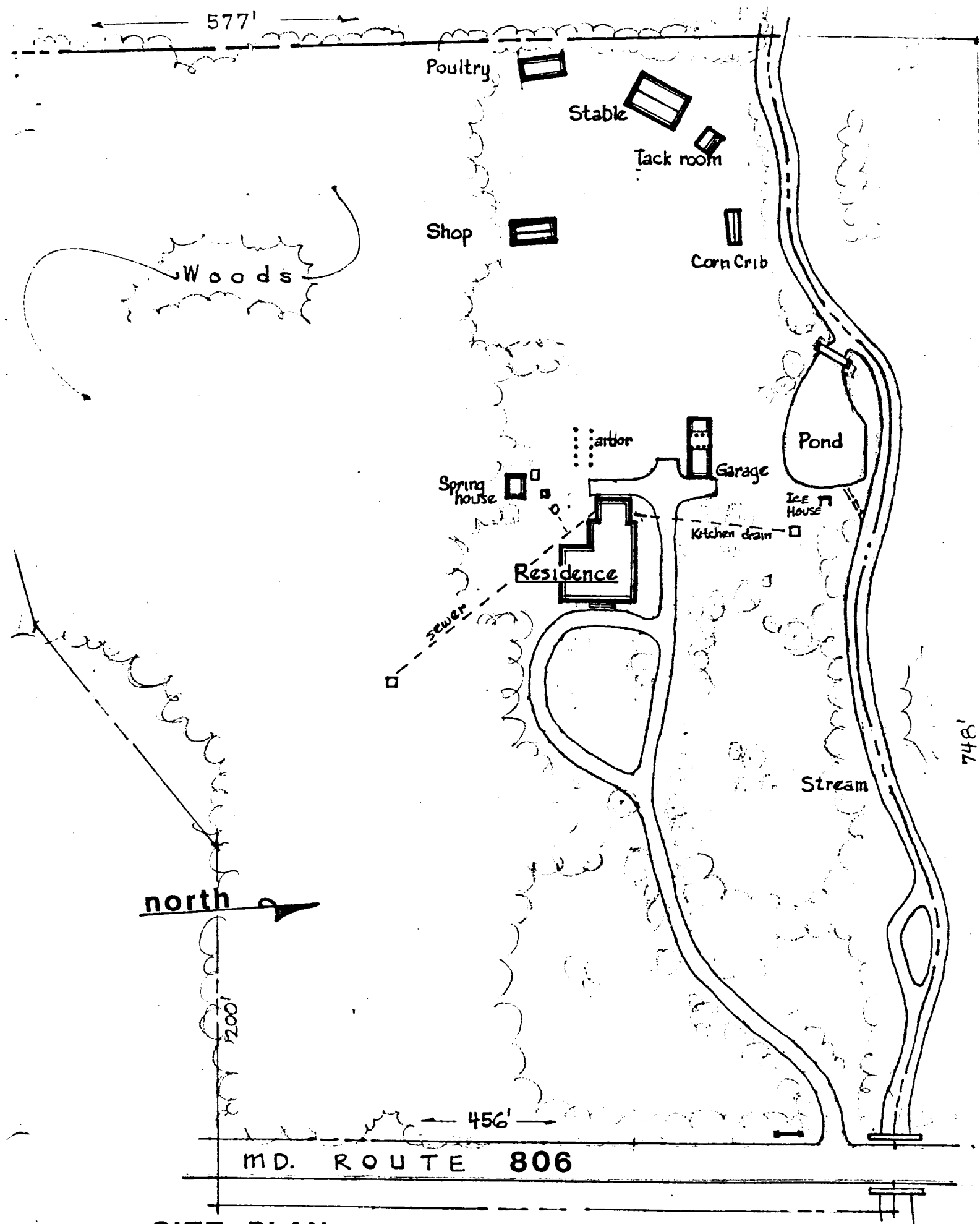
Even before this drain field and sump pump were installed, the basement, according to Floyd Lewis who lived here for 18 years, did not have a history of flooding, except for the memorable flood of Agnes, when a water line, visible before whitewashing the walls, was established at about two and a half feet above the basement floor. Digging near the large maple tree twenty feet from the kitchen door reveals that the water level in a rainy season may come within two and a half feet of the surface of the ground. But even in such instances, there is never any indication of moisture coming through the walls (which are as much as twenty inches thick).

Although as previously indicated, Professor Legarde assumed the basement would be chiefly for storage of vegetables, wine, and canned foods, the fireplace was designed to heat water for laundering.



**BASEMENT**

F-6-17



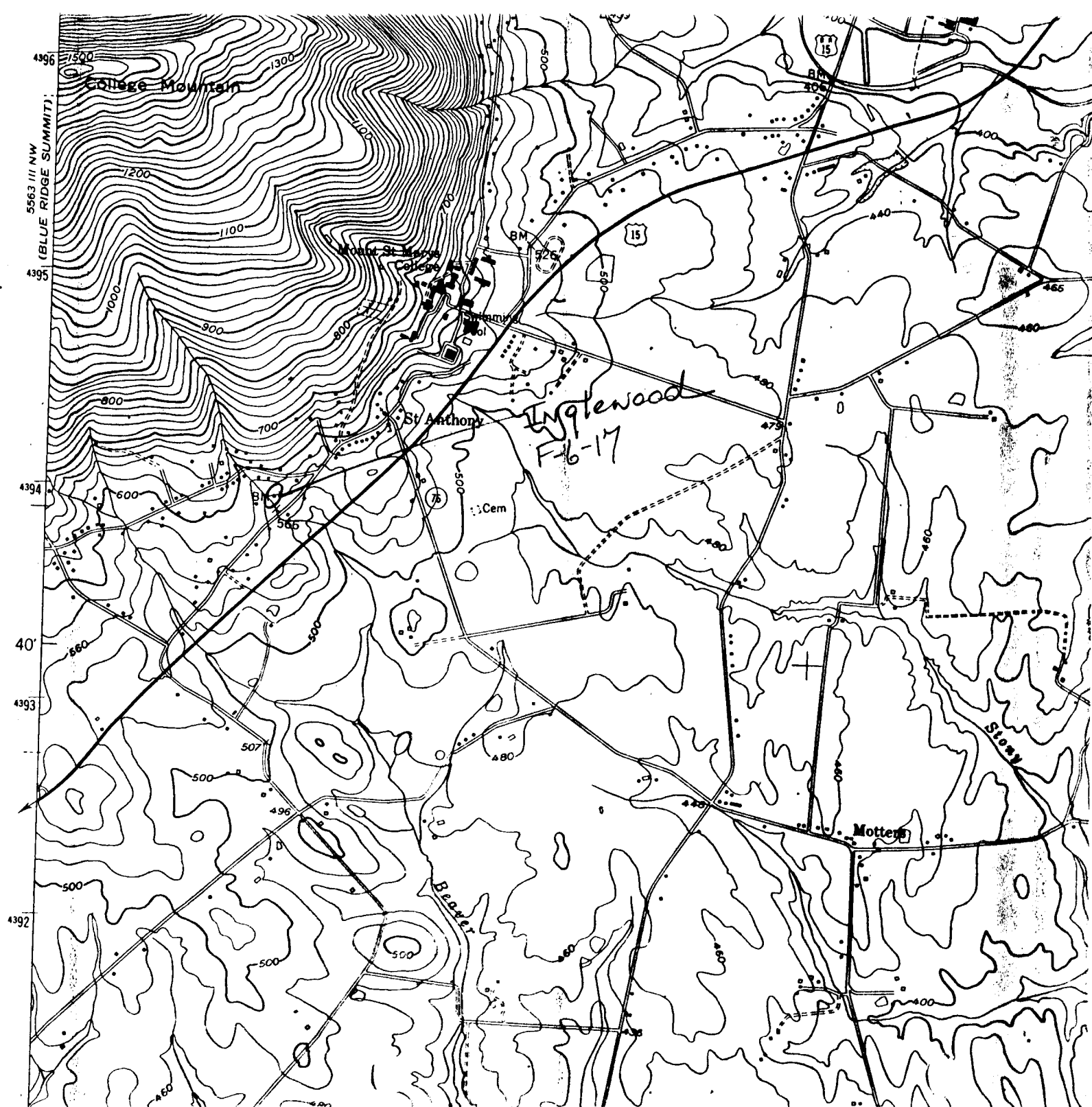
SITE PLAN

Scale: 1" = 100'

F-6-17



EMNITS BUNG  
QUAD





Inglewood

NH OAD Rte 806

Permitting

Crew 4/1/96

Northwest Extraction

F-6-17



F-6-17 Inglewood

N/3 OLD Rte 806

Enmilsburg

Crew 4/80

West Elevation



Inglewood  
1/3 Old Kite 86

Emmit's way

Can 4/80

SOUTH BUREAU

F-6-17